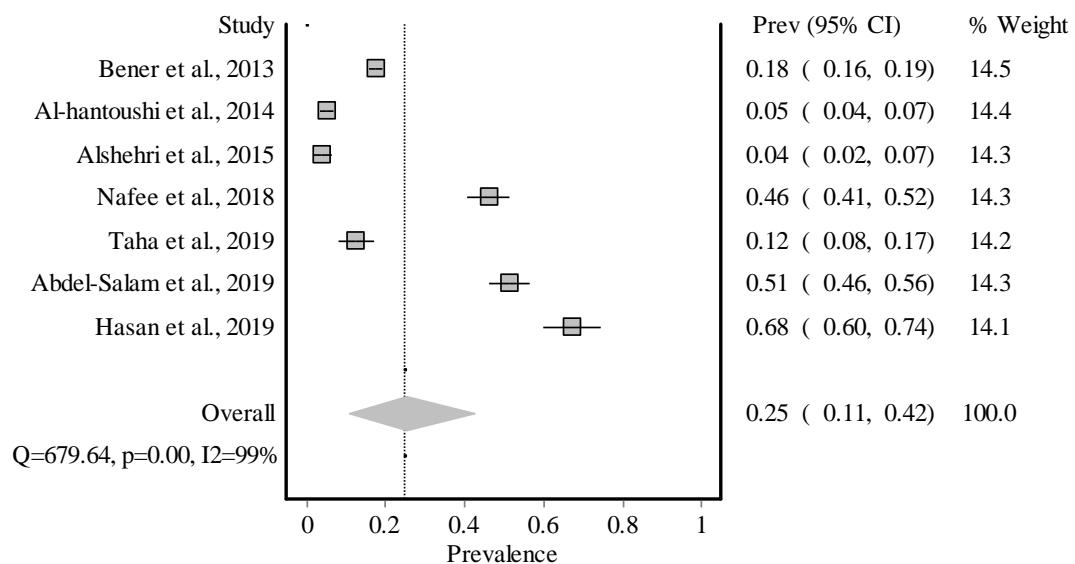
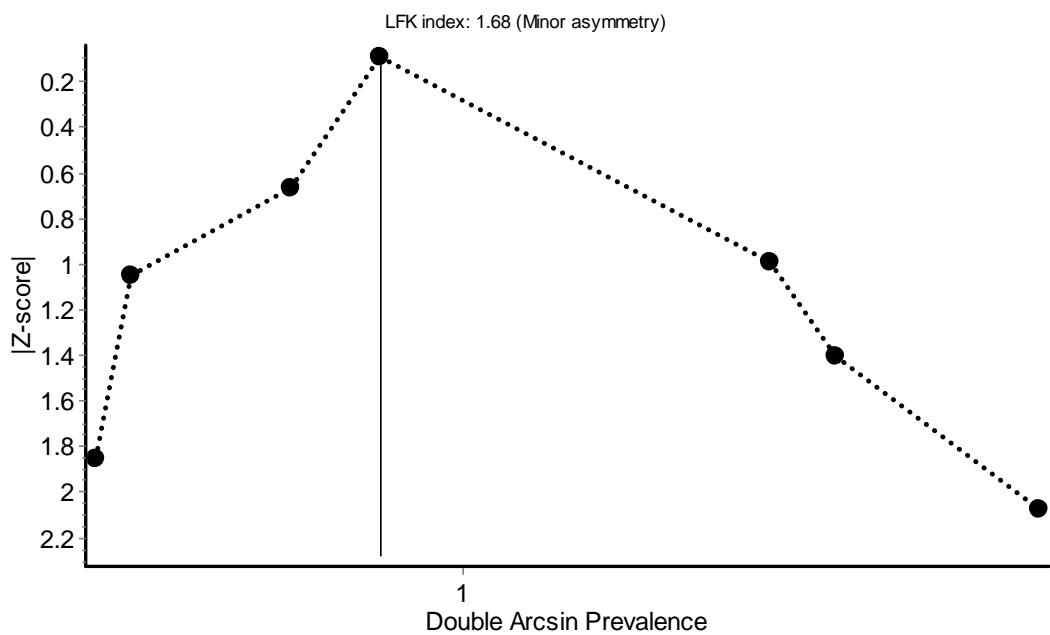


## Supplementary Figures

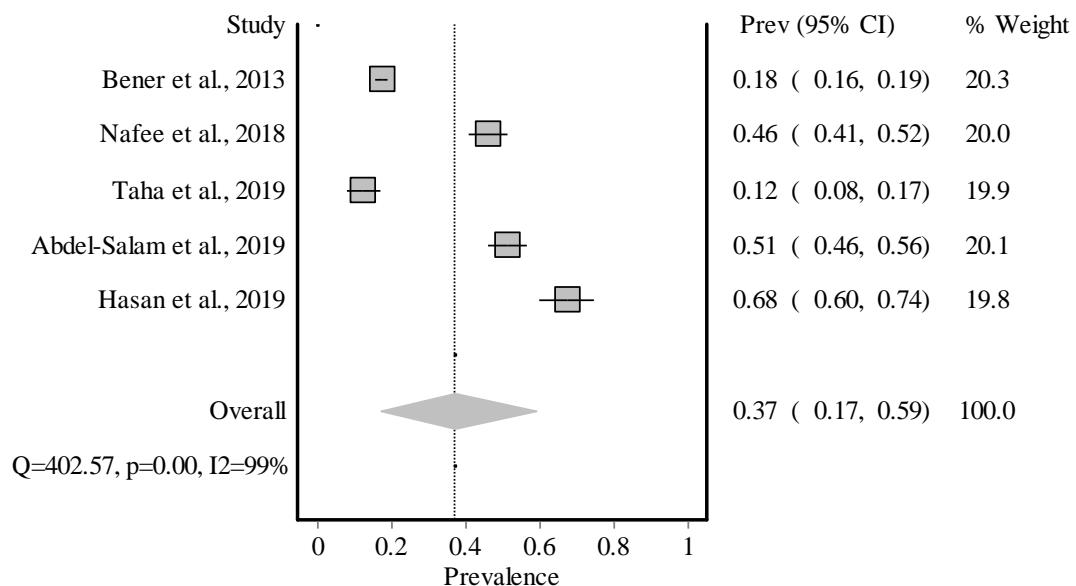
**Supplementary Fig. 1.** Forest plot of pooled prevalence of Internet addiction in studies that used the unmodified Internet Addiction Test (Prev: Prevalence, CI: Confidence interval, Q and I<sup>2</sup>: Heterogeneity statistics)



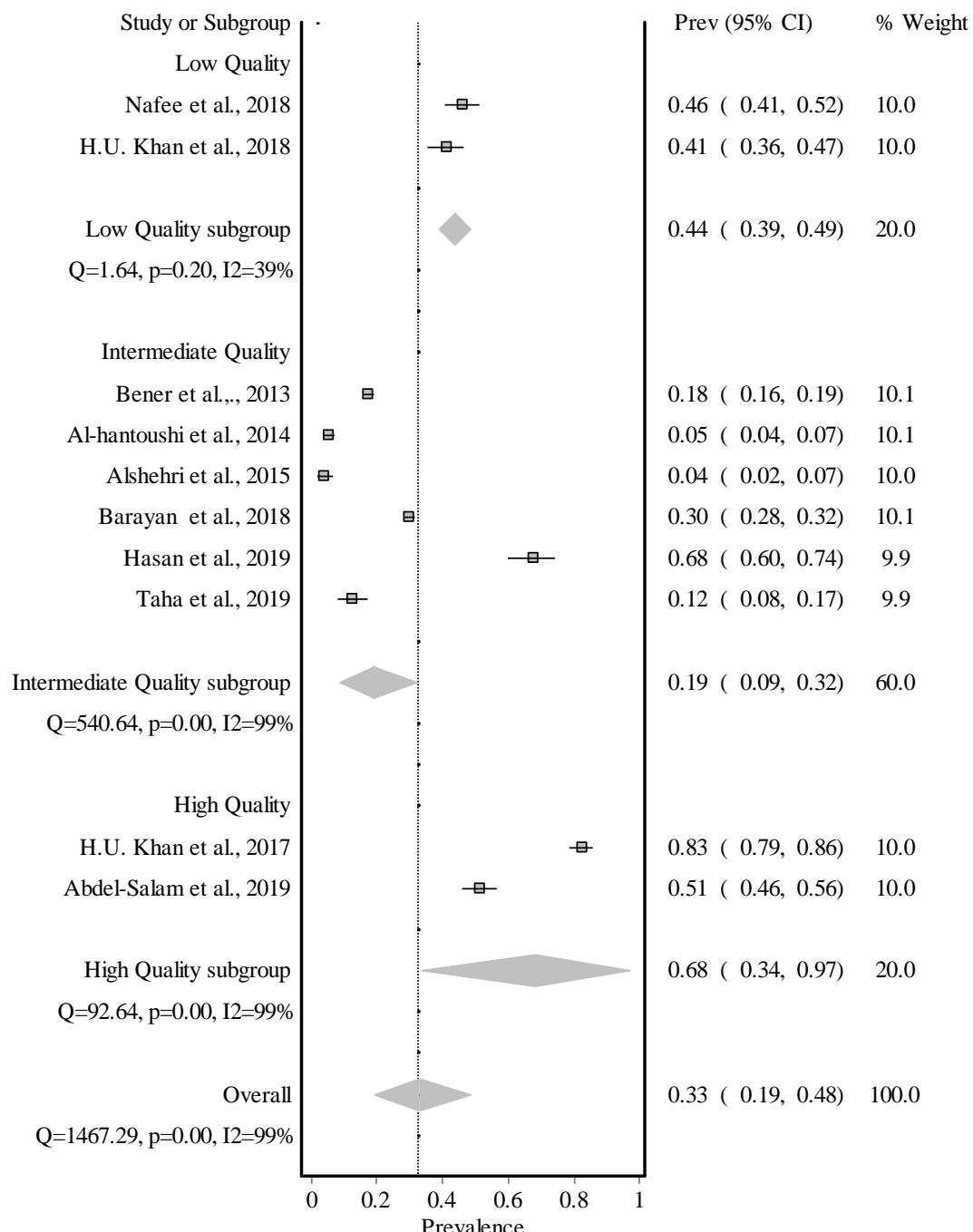
**Supplementary Fig. 2.** Doi plot showing the risk of publication bias in the meta-analysis of Internet addiction prevalence in studies that used the unmodified Internet Addiction Test (LFK: Luis Furuya-Kanamori index)



**Supplementary Fig. 3.** Forest plot of pooled prevalence of Internet addiction in studies that used the unmodified Internet Addiction Test with  $\geq 50$  as a cut-off value (Prev: Prevalence, CI: Confidence interval, Q and  $I^2$ : Heterogeneity statistics)



**Supplementary Fig. 4.** Forest plot of pooled prevalence of Internet addiction grouped by the Newcastle Ottawa Scale (NOS) quality scores (Prev: Prevalence, CI: Confidence interval, Q and I<sup>2</sup> (I<sup>2</sup>): Heterogeneity statistics)



**Supplementary Fig. 5.** Forest plot showing the Leave-One-Out sensitivity analysis

