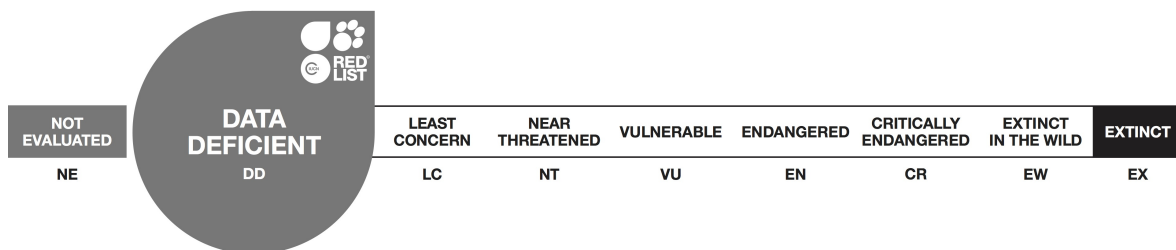


Falsistrellus petersi, Peters's Pipistrelle

Assessment by: Görföl, T., Struebig, M., Tabaranza, B., Francis, C.M., Rosell-Ambal, R.G.B. & Kingston, T.



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Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Chordata	Mammalia	Chiroptera	Vespertilionidae

Taxon Name: *Falsistrellus petersi* (Meyer, 1899)

Synonym(s):

- *Pipistrellus petersi* (Meyer, 1899)

Common Name(s):

- English: Peters's Pipistrelle, North Wallacean Pipistrelle

Taxonomic Notes:

The taxonomic status of this species requires review.

Assessment Information

Red List Category & Criteria: Data Deficient [ver 3.1](#)

Year Published: 2016

Date Assessed: December 24, 2015

Justification:

This species is assessed as Data Deficient as there are only a few scattered records over a wide area. It may be declining because of widespread habitat loss in the region, but precise habitat requirements are not known. Taxonomic revision of this species is required.

Previously Published Red List Assessments

2008 – Data Deficient (DD) – <http://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2008.RLTS.T17359A7009145.en>

1996 – Lower Risk/least concern (LR/lc)

Geographic Range

Range Description:

This species is found on Borneo, Sulawesi, Buru and Amboina islands (Molucca Islands, Indonesia), and the Philippines. In the Philippines the species has been recorded from Luzon (Benguet province) and Mindanao (Davao del Sur, and Surigao del Norte provinces) (Heaney *et al.* 1998).

Country Occurrence:

Native: Indonesia (Kalimantan, Maluku, Sulawesi); Malaysia (Sabah, Sarawak); Philippines

Distribution Map

Falsistrellus petersi

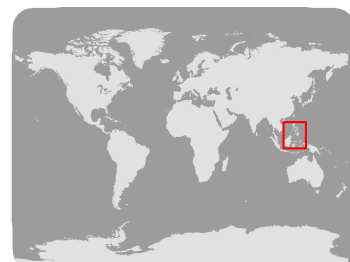
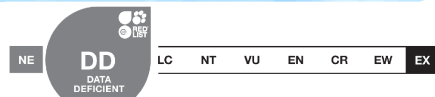


Falsistrellus petersi

Range

Extant (resident)

Compiled by:
IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply any official endorsement, acceptance or opinion by IUCN.



Population

The abundance and population size of this species are not known.

Current Population Trend: Unknown

Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

There is little information available about the ecology of this species. A colony was found roosting under the eaves of an isolated house in lower montane forest in Sabah (Payne *et al.* 1985). Specimens from the Philippines were caught in disturbed and undisturbed forests and in buildings in high elevations (Heaney *et al.* 2016).

Systems: Terrestrial

Threats

The threats to this species are not known.

Conservation Actions (see Appendix for additional information)

The species occurs in Kubah National Park, Sarawak, Malaysia (Jayaraj *et al.* 2011) Further studies are needed into the distribution, abundance, ecology and threats to this species.

Credits

Assessor(s): Görföl, T., Struebig, M., Tabaranza, B., Francis, C.M., Rosell-Ambal, R.G.B. & Kingston, T.

Reviewer(s): Piraccini, R.

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External Resources

For [Images and External Links to Additional Information](#), please see the [Red List website](#).

Appendix

Habitats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
1. Forest -> 1.6. Forest - Subtropical/Tropical Moist Lowland	-	Suitable	-

Conservation Actions in Place

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Conservation Actions in Place
In-Place Land/Water Protection and Management
Occur in at least one PA: Yes

Research Needed

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Research Needed
1. Research -> 1.1. Taxonomy
1. Research -> 1.2. Population size, distribution & trends
1. Research -> 1.3. Life history & ecology
1. Research -> 1.5. Threats

Additional Data Fields

Distribution
Estimated extent of occurrence (EOO) (km ²): 1842021
Population
Population severely fragmented: No
Habitats and Ecology
Generation Length (years): 5.6

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