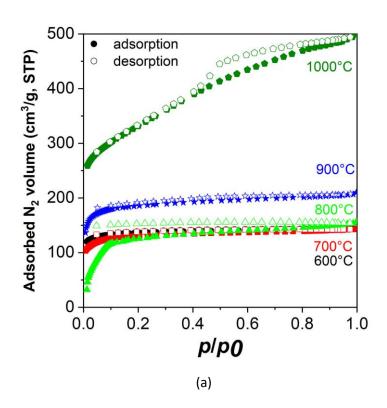
## **Supplementary material**

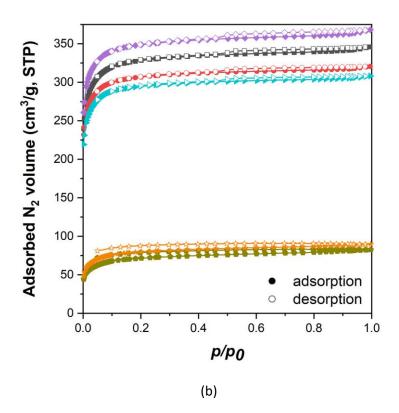
## Qualitative and quantitative chemometric modelling of nanostructured carbon samples based on infrared spectroscopy

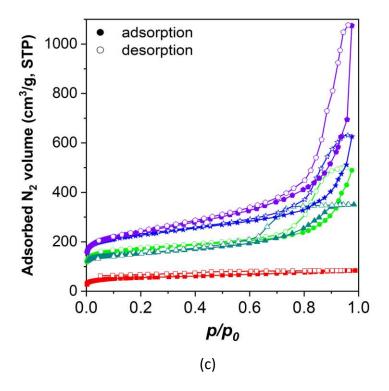
Anita Rácz<sup>1,\*</sup>, Krisztina László<sup>2,\*</sup>, Szilvia Klébert<sup>1</sup>

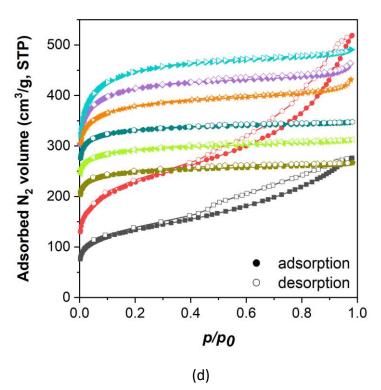
<sup>1</sup>Plasma Chemistry Research Group, HUN-REN Research Centre for Natural Sciences, Magyar tudósok krt. 2, H-1117 Budapest, Hungary

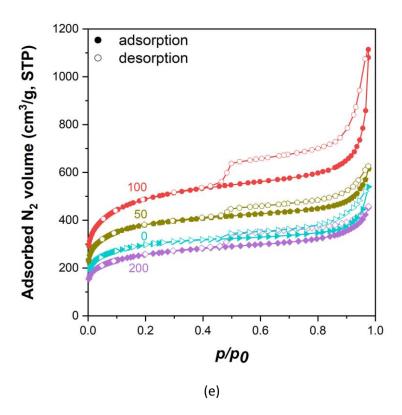
<sup>2</sup>Department of Physical Chemistry and Materials Science, Faculty of Chemical Technology and Biotechnology, Budapest University of Technology and Economics, 1521 Budapest, Hungary



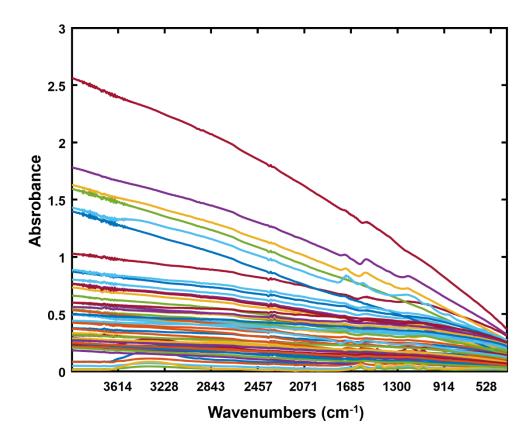








**Figure S1** Low temperature nitrogen adsorption isotherms of selected carbon samples of various origin. They cover a wide variety of isotherm characteristics. (a) Wood based carbon cubes, treated at various temperature; (b) PET based porous carbons; (c) REF aerogel based carbon samples synthesized in different solvents; (d) spent coffee grounds based carbons activated in various ways; (e) carrageenan – urea based carbon cryogels doped with various amount of carbon nanoparticle.



**Figure S2.** Raw spectra without any pre-scaling. The three parallel measurements of each sample were averaged.

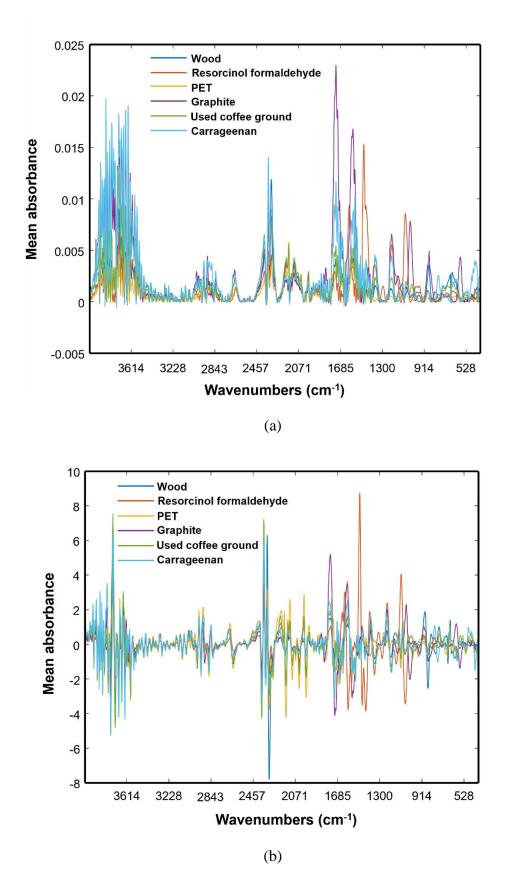


Figure S3. Baseline corrected (a) and derivative (b) mean spectra of the sample groups.